AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

LISTING OF CLAIMS:

- 1. (previously presented) Process for determining the mechanical resistance of a bone from a digitized two dimensional image, obtained by imaging, characterized in that there is carried out a correlation between the bone mineral density determined from this two dimensional image by any means suitable to this type of image and a structural parameter obtained from the same two dimensional image.
- 2. (previously presented) Process for determining the mechanical resistance of a bone according to claim 1, characterized in that one has recourse to a correlation of the exponential type.
- 3. (previously presented) Process for determination according to claim 1, characterized in that the correlation associating the bone mineral density and said structural parameter is used to determine the ultimate stress C_u of the bone.
- 4. (currently amended) Process for determining the mechanical resistance of a bone according to any one of the

preceding claims, characterized in that Process for determining the mechanical resistance of a bone from a digitized two dimensional image, obtained by imaging, characterized in that there is carried out a correlation between the bone mineral density determined from this two dimensional image by any means suitable to this type of image and a structural parameter obtained from the same two dimensional image, wherein there is determined the structural parameter a obtained by the series of the following steps:

- a) choosing at random a pixel of the two dimensional image which is at the gray level h(0),
 - b) choosing a straight line from this point having a direction also determined at random,
 - c) moving a distance \underline{r} along this straight line, h(r) being the gray level of this new point,
 - d) computing the variance of the gray levels with the formula: $V(r) = [h(r) h(0)]^2$,
 - e) tracing the curve associated with V(r) on a log-log scale, and
 - f) determining the slope of this log-log curve which represents said parameter a.
- 5. (previously presented) Process for determining the mechanical resistance of a bone according to claim 4, characterized in that steps a) to d) are repeated a number of

times sufficiently great to make the mean variance function V(r) converge over the assembly of the repetitions.

6. (previously presented): Process for determining the mechanical resistance of a bone according to claim 4, characterized in that there is carried out a correlation between the bone mineral density obtained from this two dimensional image and said parameter <u>a</u> evaluated from the same two dimensional image according to the mathematical model:

$$C_{u}' = b_0 + b_1 * \exp (b_2 * DMO) * a$$

wherein b_0 , b_1 , b_2 are coefficients obtained by nonlinear regression and $C_u^{'}$ the prediction of the ultimate stress C_u of the bone.

- 7. (previously presented): Process for determining the mechanical resistance of a bone according to claim 4, characterized in that there is determined a correlation between the parameter \underline{a} and a three dimensional parameter of the trabecular network of the bone.
- 8. (previously presented): Process for determining the mechanical resistance of a bone according to claim 7, characterized in that the three dimensional parameter of the trabecular network of the bone is the connectivity density χ_{ν}

9. (previously presented): Process for determining the mechanical resistance of a bone according to claim 5, characterized in that there is carried out a correlation between the bone mineral density obtained from this two dimensional image and said parameter <u>a</u> evaluated from the same two dimensional image according to the mathematical model:

$$C_{u}' = b_0 + b_1 * \exp (b_2 * DMO) * a$$

wherein b_0 , b_1 , b_2 are coefficients obtained by nonlinear regression and $C_u^{'}$ the prediction of the ultimate stress C_u of the bone.

- 10. (previously presented): Process for determining the mechanical resistance of a bone according to claim 5, characterized in that there is determined a correlation between the parameter \underline{a} and a three dimensional parameter of the trabecular network of the bone.
- 11. (previously presented): Process for determining the mechanical resistance of a bone according to claim 6, characterized in that there is determined a correlation between the parameter <u>a</u> and a three dimensional parameter of the trabecular network of the bone.
- 12. (currently amended): Process for determination according to claim $\frac{3}{2}$, characterized in that the correlation associating the bone mineral density and said structural

parameter is used to determine the ultimate stress $C_{\rm u}$ of the bone.

13. (new): Process according to claim 1, wherein said structural parameter is obtained by calculating a variation function.